

This action has resulted most advantageously to the butter-making interests of Canada, inasmuch as the butter was landed in Great Britain in an undeteriorated condition. Increased demand has arisen for Canadian butter; its relative value in the markets of Great Britain has been increased; and it has also gained admission into markets which hitherto had been practically closed to it.

Ten steamships were fitted up; 35,605 packages of butter were carried in insulated compartments. Trial shipments of cheese in cold storage compartments were made during the summer; and the results from these trial shipments were so satisfactory, that it is probable hereafter advantage will be taken of cold storage service for the carriage of large quantities of cheese during the summer to Great Britain, in order that they may arrive there in a cool and undamaged condition.

595. A few paragraphs will indicate the other work carried on in the different provinces in 1895.

In the Province of Ontario a dairy school was erected at Kingston, Ont., in 1895, as a branch of the School of Mining and Agriculture there. The Dairy Commissioner was authorized to take charge of that for the winter. Short courses of instruction were arranged, especially for cheese-makers and butter-makers who have had the experience of working for one season at one of these branches. Each course includes practical instruction for two weeks, and any student may take both courses. 105 students attended during the winter of 1894-95.

In the Province of Quebec the Assistant Dairy Commissioner held meetings during the year. During the winter he delivered a series of lectures to each class of students at the Dairy School at St. Hyacinthe, Que. The school was erected by the Dairy Association of the Province of Quebec in 1892, and has been conducted under the direction of the Dairy Commissioner. The Dairy Association for the Province of Quebec contributes a sum of \$1,000 per annum towards its maintenance. During the winter of 1893-94, 268 students attended the school and took the courses of instruction in cheese-making, butter-making and the testing of milk. Applications beyond the full capacity of the school were received for the season of 1894-95, and 328 students availed themselves of the courses of the school.

Great progress has been made in the cheese-making of the province. Whereas a few years ago Quebec cheese were sold on the average for about one cent or more per pound under the prices obtainable at the same time for Ontario cheese, during the past season the prices obtained in Quebec were almost equal to the prices that were paid in Ontario at the same time. There has also been a marked improvement in the manner of boxing and branding the cheese.

In the Province of New Brunswick a dairy school was conducted at Sussex, N.B. In 1894, 30 students took the course of instruction, and in 1895, 54 students were in attendance.

In the Province of Nova Scotia an experimental dairy station was established on the Experimental Farm at Nappan, N.S., in 1892-93. The